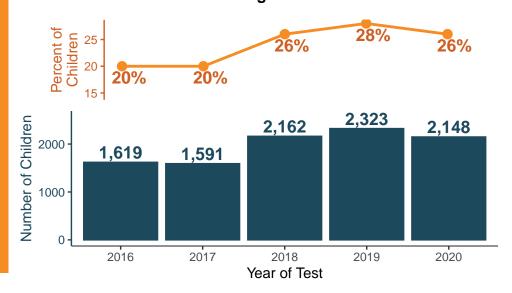


2020 LEAD EXPOSURE DATA BRIEF FOR THE SOUTH CENTRAL REGION

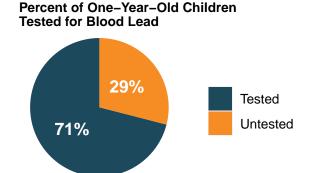
In 2020, in the South Central Region 5 children, 72 months or younger, had blood levels high enough to impair their ability to think, learn, and concentrate.

Pediatric blood lead level testing rates across the region and the State dropped due to the COVID-19 pandemic.

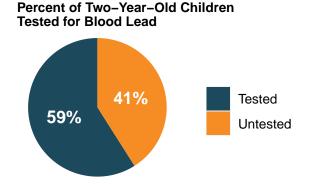
Annual Number (and Percent) of Children, 0 to 72 Months Old,
Tested for Blood Lead in the
South Central Region 2016 – 2020



Percent of Children Tested per New Hampshire Screening and Management Guidelines



In 2020, 71% of one year–old (12–23 month–old) children residing in the South Central Region were tested for lead in their blood (929 of an estimated 1,306 children).



In 2020, 59% of two year–old (24–35 month–old) children residing in the South Central Region were tested for lead in their blood (821 of an estimated 1,402 children).

In 2018, New Hampshire passed a state law requiring providers to conduct blood lead level tests for all one and two year-old children.

Childhood Lead Exposure by Town

TOWN	AGE GROUP (IN MONTHS)	POPULATION DPHS ESTIMATE 2019	NUMBER TESTED 2020	NUMBER WITH EBLL 5+ µg/dL 2020 ONLY	NUMBER WITH EBLL 5+ µg/dL 2016–2020
ATKINSON	0 to 72	301	95	0	5
	12 to 23		39	0	< 5
	24 to 35		32	0	< 5
CHESTER	0 to 72	246	66	0	< 5
	12 to 23		36	0	< 5
	24 to 35		23	0	0
DANVILLE	0 to 72	217	67	0	< 5
	12 to 23		28	0	< 5
	24 to 35		26	0	< 5
	0 to 72	2090	468	0	17
DERRY	12 to 23		226	0	8
	24 to 35		195	0	< 5
HAMPSTEAD	0 to 72	420	118	0	6
	12 to 23		56	0	< 5
	24 to 35		47	0	< 5
	0 to 72	1454	379	< 5	< 5
LONDONDERRY	12 to 23		191	< 5	< 5
	24 to 35		150	< 5	< 5
	0 to 72	445	165	0	7
PLAISTOW	12 to 23		57	0	< 5
	24 to 35		59	0	< 5
SALEM	0 to 72	1566	447	< 5	7
	12 to 23		141	< 5	< 5
	24 to 35		147	0	< 5
SANDOWN	0 to 72	379	93	0	< 5
	12 to 23		38	0	< 5
	24 to 35		48	0	0
WINDHAM	0 to 72	1106	250	< 5	< 5
	12 to 23		117	< 5	< 5
	24 to 35		94	0	< 5
	0 to 72	8225	2148	5	58
SOUTH CENTRAL	12 to 23		929	< 5	26
	24 to 35		821	< 5	17

Childhood blood lead test data is from the Division of Public Health Services, Healthy Homes and Lead Poisoning Prevention Program. Elevated blood lead levels (EBLL) $5+ \mu g/dL$ is defined as a venous or capillary blood test with a result of 5 micrograms per deciliter ($\mu g/dL$) or higher. Exact numbers cannot be reported when there are 1-4 cases due to suppression guidelines to protect privacy.

Characteristics Associated with Increased Risk of Childhood Lead Exposure

TOWN	POPULATION UNDER 6 YO PERCENT (%)	HOUSING UNITS BUILT PRE-1950 PERCENT (%)	HOUSEHOLDS MOVED IN LAST YEAR PERCENT (%)	RENTED HOUSING UNITS W/ CHILDREN UNDER 6 YO PERCENT (%)	UNDER 6 YO LIVING BELOW FED. POVERTY LEVEL PERCENT (%)	UNDER 6 YO IN WITH NO HEALTH INSURANCE PERCENT (%)
ATKINSON	4 ± 2	6 ± 4	3 ± 3	0 ± 7	0 ± 6	0 ± 6
CHESTER	7 ± 2	19 ± 5	1 ± 2	0 ± 7	0 ± 5	0 ± 5
DANVILLE	5 ± 3	7 ± 4	2 ± 2	20 ± 16	11 ± 17	13 ± 20
DERRY	7 ± 1	15 ± 2	4 ± 2	21 ± 8	10 ± 6	4 ± 4
HAMPSTEAD	6 ± 2	12 ± 6	3 ± 3	Not Available	11 ± 14	6 ± 7
LONDONDERRY	6 ± 1	4 ± 1	2 ± 1	15 ± 8	2 ± 2	0 ± 1
PLAISTOW	5 ± 2	20 ± 7	5 ± 4	7 ± 13	0 ± 4	0 ± 4
SALEM	6 ± 1	7 ± 2	4 ± 2	34 ± 12	5 ± 4	0 ± 1
SANDOWN	8 ± 3	15 ± 11	1 ± 2	12 ± 17	0 ± 3	16 ± 24
WINDHAM	7 ± 1	6 ± 3	0 ± 1	8 ± 7	0 ± 2	2 ± 3
SOUTH CENTRAL	6 ± 1	10 ± 1	3 ± 1	19 ± 4	4 ± 2	3 ± 2

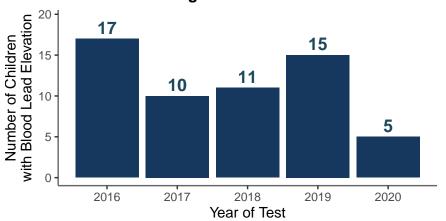
Many factors that increase the risk of a child being exposed to lead are related directly to the child's environment. Where a child and their family members live, learn, work, and play directly impact a child's risk of being exposed to lead. This exposure is primarily through coming into contact with lead dust. Living or attending childcare in pre–1978 housing increases risk as lead paint was not banned until 1978. Lead can also come from drinking water, toys, and cultural cosmetics and medicine.

The data in the table above is to help you understand the risks in your community that contribute to childhood lead poisoning and is from the 5–Year American Community Survey for 2016–2020.

Percent 'Rented Housing' was calculated from housing units with known occupancy status and age of occupants. Percent 'Living Below Poverty Level' was calculated from children in households with income less than the federal poverty level for whom poverty status was determined. When there is insufficient data to present an accurate percent range, 'Not Available' is displayed.

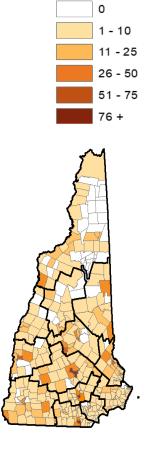
Childhood Lead Exposure

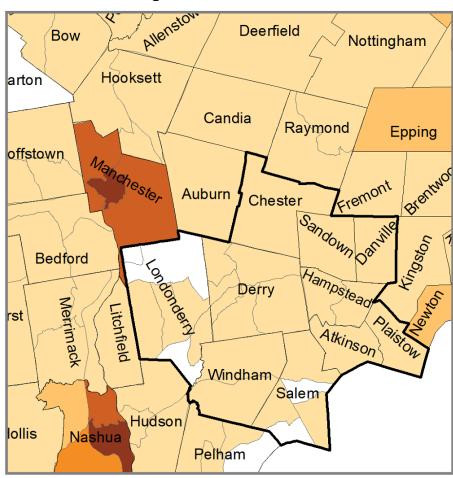
Annual Number of Children 0 to 72 Months Old with Test Above the National Reference Level (5+ µg/dL) South Central Region 2016 – 2020





Number of Children 0 to 72 Months Old with Elevated Blood Lead Levels 5+ $\mu g/dL$ by Town (or Census Tract) in the South Central Region, 2016–2020









NH Department of Health and Human Services
Division of Public Health Services | Concord, NH
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